## Illogan Primary School

Strategies for supporting pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities in **PSHE** lessons including **RSE** 

Individual Need	This is how we help
Individual Need Dyslexia	<ul> <li>Providing a range of ways for pupils to show their learning, not relying just on writing to demonstrate substantive and disciplinary knowledge in PSHE         <ul> <li>Alternative recording methods could include: access to a computer, photographs, diagrams and drawings, labels to stick onto pictures, interactive worksheets, posters, presentations, role play, verbal contributions, Teacher / TA observations, matching and sorting activities, cloze.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ensuring that appropriately tinted books, overlays and whiteboards are available.</li> <li>Using fonts such as Century Gothic, Comic Sans, Arial or Verdana on printed sheets</li> <li>When feasible, presentation slides will avoid black font on a white background.</li> <li>Large close formatted paragraphs of information is avoided, with information being presented in numbered points or bullet points.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verdana on printed sheets</li> <li>When feasible, presentation slides will avoid black font on a white background.</li> <li>Large close formatted paragraphs of information is avoided, with</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>We understand that pupils with dyslexic tendencies may find is hard to organise information on diagrams, maps flow charts, spider diagrams and tables. If necessary, we will modify the task, for example by providing a blank table or mind map, to ensure success.</li> <li>We understand that pupils may find it tricky to complete preprinted tables. We therefore make sure boxes and tables are big enough to easily write in.</li> </ul>

	• We remove situations where pupils have to listen and write at
	the same time.
DCD	Sensory Need
Developmental Coordination Disorder	<ul> <li>Ensuring that pupils have access to the sensory equipment they need - wobble cushions, fiddle toys, Zuma chair, access to tampette etc.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Making sure movement breaks are available throughout the PHSE Lesson - and are sometimes disguised, to ensure that the pupil is not embarrassed.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>We understand that pupils may find it hard to wear standard school uniform and may like to wear more relaxed fit clothing or clothes of specific textures. This need is considered when children are asked to dress up.</li> </ul>
	Fine & Gross Motor Skills
	<ul> <li>When fine motor skills are inhibiting legible handwriting we make sure that written work is not the primary communicator / evidence of substantive and disciplinary knowledge in PHSE.</li> <li>Alternative recording methods could include: access to a computer, dictation software, clicker, photographs, diagrams and drawings, labels to stick onto pictures, interactive worksheets, posters, presentations, role play, verbal contributions, Teacher / TA observations, matching and sorting activities, cloze.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>We understand that pupils with DCD tendencies may find is hard to organise information on diagrams, maps flow charts, spider diagrams and tables. If necessary, we will modify the task, for example by providing a blank table or mind map, enlarging tables, worksheets and diagrams to ensure success.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>We provide         <ul> <li>Different pens (roller ball) and pen grips available if needed.</li> <li>Writing slopes.</li> <li>Finger grip rulers.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>We understand that pupils may struggle with zips and buttons when putting on coats and cardigans.</li> </ul>
	Organisation
	• Ensure the pupils peg is away from other children's clutter and is easy to reach.
	<ul> <li>Make sure the pupil's tray is close to their desk.</li> <li>Encourage children to limit the amount of resources on their desks at a given time.</li> </ul>

ghout the lesson the correct preparation before the lesson ill be happening and what to expect prior to the child within the classroom will have a
of how best to support the child. ons will be consistently implemented. is will be considered carefully to minimise he RE session. rds' can be used to ensure the child is able they need to use their break out space. information will be given clearly so the child being asked of them and how they will intention.
instructions verbally, on the board or broken down into smaller steps back what they are required to do. question will be asked and thinking time ways for the pupil to show their learning, not g to demonstrate substantive and be in PHSE.
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	<ul> <li>If appropriate, concrete resources and visual representations will be given to the child to support the learning of new</li> </ul>
	information.
	<ul> <li>Break down tasks into manageable chunks and demonstrate each</li> </ul>
	step as required.
Experienced Trauma	<ul> <li>The PACE approach will be used by all adults supporting the child within the lesson.</li> </ul>
Trauma	<ul> <li>Adults will carefully check through the content of the lesson to ensure they are considering the child's context and background before the lesson takes place. If necessary, lessons will be adapted with this information in mind to avoid triggers and to ensure the child feels safe and secure.</li> <li>Children will be provided with a safe and familiar break out space</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>if they need it throughout the lesson.</li> <li>Adults supporting the child will have good understanding of the child's context and how best to support the child with their emotions.</li> </ul>
Speech, Language & Communication	<ul> <li>Speech will be clear and slowly paced so that children can understand what is being said, what information is being shared and any instructions that are being given.</li> </ul>
Needs	<ul> <li>Long sentences will be broken up into smaller, short sentences that can clearly be interpreted.</li> <li>Children will be given time to process information and to give</li> </ul>
	responses to answers.
	<ul> <li>Children will be provided with key vocabulary specific to PHSE with all terms explained.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Symbols, signs and visual timetables will be used to support communication.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Lots of opportunities will be given to communicate in either a pair or small group context to develop confidence.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Positive responses will be given to any attempts at communicating.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Adults will regularly check the child's understanding throughout the lesson.</li> </ul>
Vision	If appropriate
Impairment	<ul> <li>The pupil will be seated facing the teacher.</li> </ul>
-	<ul> <li>A reading slope will be provided.</li> </ul>
	• A thicker/darker pencil will be provided to support the child with
	reading their own writing.
	<ul> <li>Children will be given enlarged images, pictures and diagrams.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Visual aids and word-mats to help with vocabulary.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Resources will be provided in the correct font size for the child in guestion.</li> </ul>
Hearing	Minimisation of background noise.
Impairment	
•	

Toileting Issues	<ul> <li>Children will be able to leave the classroom whenever necessary.</li> <li>Seating arrangements will be carefully organised so that the child can access the toilet as easily as possible.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Consideration of the most beneficial seating arrangement through consultation with the pupil. Placing the child at the front or close to the teacher or demonstration, or in the place the child feels is best for them.</li> <li>An awareness that group members, teacher and TA must face the child when speaking.</li> <li>Adults will discretely check that the child is wearing their hearing aid.</li> <li>If necessary, provide written and pictorial instructions.</li> <li>Children will be provided with key vocabulary specific to PHSE with technical terms explained.</li> <li>Adult support to encourage discussion and sharing of ideas to build verbal skills.</li> </ul>